



Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

## **TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST**

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2023



**KPMG LLP**  
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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Unitholders of Trez Capital Yield Trust

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Trez Capital Yield Trust (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information

(hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



## ***Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion;

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit; and
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

*KPMG LLP*

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Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, Canada  
April 29, 2024

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position  
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	Notes	2023	2022
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 100,749	\$ 60,606
Margin deposits	9	1,256	9,546
Foreign currency derivative assets	9	7,694	-
Due from related parties	14(e)	21,705	7,850
Investments in mortgages	4, 14(c)	734,015	940,520
Investments held at fair value	5, 14(c)	190,895	160,549
Investments in associates		5,962	6,601
Investments in joint ventures		225	1,801
Property under development held for sale	6	15,497	31,861
Other investments	7	45,003	64,319
Promissory notes receivable	8	3,312	7,223
Other assets		1,680	1,181
		\$ 1,127,993	\$ 1,292,057
<b>Equity</b>			
Accumulated other comprehensive income		\$ 748	\$ 1,049
Non-controlling interests	14(d)	1,106	1,077
		1,854	2,126
<b>Liabilities and Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 3,250	\$ 3,193
Management and incentive fees payable	14(a)	697	7,983
Distributions payable to holders of redeemable units	12	2,425	3,014
Foreign currency derivative liabilities	9	686	6,844
Due to related parties	14(e)	5	-
Loans payable	11	35,556	46,381
Mortgage syndication liabilities	4	169,504	221,639
		212,123	289,054
Redeemable units, representing net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	13	914,016	1,000,877
		\$ 1,127,993	\$ 1,292,057

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of the General Partner of the Manager:  
Trez Capital Fund Management Limited Partnership:

(Signed) "John Maragliano"

Director

(Signed) "Dean Kirkham"

Director

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	Notes	2023	2022
<b>Revenue:</b>			
Interest income on mortgages		\$ 105,380	\$ 82,497
Interest expense on mortgage syndication liabilities		(19,201)	(9,533)
Other income		1,783	787
		87,962	73,751
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Provision for mortgage losses	4	9,311	2,609
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		(2,342)	11,348
General and administrative		3,256	3,314
Management and incentive fees	14(a)	16,800	23,958
		27,025	41,229
Fair value gain on investments held at fair value	5	23,501	14,469
Foreign exchange (loss) gain on investments held at fair value	5	(4,622)	11,024
Gain (loss) from investments in associates		723	(186)
Gain from investments in joint ventures		281	583
		19,883	25,890
<b>Income (expenses) from real estate properties:</b>			
Revenue from property under development held for sale	6	15,505	20,968
Rental income from foreclosed property	7	7,702	8,203
Other income from foreclosed property	7	35,418	-
Fair value loss on foreclosed property	7	(39,876)	-
Cost of sales from property under development held for sale	6	(13,932)	(16,560)
Expenses from property under development held for sale	6	(710)	(261)
Expenses related to foreclosed property	7	(4,599)	(4,969)
		(492)	7,381
Income from operations		80,328	65,793
<b>Financing costs:</b>			
Interest expense		7,735	1,783
Distributions to holders of redeemable units	12	72,561	63,726
		80,296	65,509
<b>Net income (loss) for the year</b>		<b>\$ 32</b>	<b>\$ 284</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>			
Translation adjustment on foreign operations		(301)	291
<b>Comprehensive income (loss) for the year</b>		<b>\$ (269)</b>	<b>\$ 575</b>
<b>Net income attributable to:</b>			
Holders of redeemable units		\$ 3	\$ 3,569
Non-controlling interests	14(d)	29	(3,285)
		\$ 32	\$ 284
<b>Net comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:</b>			
Holders of redeemable units		\$ (298)	\$ 3,860
Non-controlling interests		29	(3,285)
		\$ (269)	\$ 575

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units  
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,000,877	\$ 1,079,685
Net income (loss) attributable to holders of redeemable units	3	3,569
Contributions and redemptions:		
Issuance of units	89,478	77,234
Reinvestment of distributions on redeemable units	42,235	35,449
Redemption of units	(218,577)	(195,060)
	(86,864)	(82,377)
Balance, end of year	\$ 914,016	\$ 1,000,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows  
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 32	\$ 284
Items not involving cash:		
Interest income, net of interest expense on syndications	(86,179)	(72,964)
Interest expense	7,735	1,783
Provision for mortgage losses	9,311	2,609
Fair value gain on investments held at fair value	(23,501)	(14,469)
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on investments held at fair value	4,622	(11,024)
Foreign exchange gain on mortgage investment	4,348	(10,451)
Other income from foreclosed property	(35,418)	-
Fair value loss on foreclosed property	39,876	-
(Gain) loss from investments in associates	(723)	186
Gain from investments in joint ventures	(281)	(583)
Cost of sales from property under development held for sale	13,932	16,560
Unrealized loss on foreign currency derivatives	(13,851)	7,993
Distributions to holders of redeemable units	72,561	63,726
Interest received	47,925	38,266
Interest expense paid	(2,354)	(1,783)
Changes in operating working items:		
Margin deposits	8,290	(4,470)
Other assets	(499)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	56	(5,428)
Management and incentive fees payable	(7,286)	3,763
Change in due to related parties	5	-
	38,601	13,998
Investing activities:		
Funding of investments in mortgages	(295,916)	(559,073)
Repayments on investments in mortgages, including syndications	433,078	483,366
Funding of investments held at fair value	(228,486)	(228,568)
Repayments on investments held at fair value	248,514	337,454
Distributions from investment in associates and joint ventures	3,170	1,699
Additions to property under development held for sale	(3,502)	-
Repayments on property under development held for sale	-	1,127
Repayments to foreclosed property	943	-
Repayments to other assets	-	4,145
Repayments of promissory notes receivable	7,223	191
Change in due from related parties	(13,187)	(6,025)
	151,837	34,316
Financing activities:		
Issuance of units	89,478	77,235
Redemption of units	(218,577)	(195,060)
Distributions paid	(30,914)	(27,493)
Proceeds from loans payable	23,192	18,814
Repayments of loans payable	(13,474)	(1,053)
Contributions (distributions) to non-controlling interest	-	248
	(150,295)	(127,309)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	40,143	(78,995)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	60,606	139,601
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 100,749	\$ 60,606

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 1. Nature of business:

Trez Capital Yield Trust (the "Trust") is an unincorporated trust, which was established under the laws of British Columbia, pursuant to a Declaration of Trust dated March 20, 2013, which was amended and restated March 8, 2016. The Trust commenced operations on April 1, 2013.

Trez Capital Fund Management Limited Partnership is the Trust's manager (the "Manager") and Trez Capital Limited Partnership is the Trust's mortgage broker (the "Mortgage Broker").

The Trust has been created for the purpose of generating a stream of income from interests acquired in a portfolio of mortgages related to any and all types of real property within Canada and the United States ("US") and from limited equity profit sharing arrangements through limited partnerships within the US. Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, the legal ownership of the Trust's property is vested in the Trustee and the Trust Unitholders' beneficial interest in the Trust is represented by units. The affairs and administration of the Trust are managed by the Manager.

The principal place of business of the Trust is located at 1700 - 745 Thurlow Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 0C5.

## 2. Basis of preparation:

### (a) Statement of compliance:

These consolidated financial statements of the Trust have been prepared in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Governors on April 29, 2024.

### (b) Basis of measurement:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for margin deposits, foreign currency derivative assets, investments held at fair value, other investments and foreign currency derivative liabilities which are measured at fair value.

### (c) Functional and presentation currency:

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Trust. The functional currency of the Trust's US subsidiaries and investments in associates and joint ventures is the US dollar. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Trust's US subsidiaries and investments in associates and joint ventures have been translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

- (i) Assets and liability amounts are translated at the exchange rate at the end of each reporting period;
- (ii) Amounts included in the determination of earnings is translated at the average exchange rate during the year; and
- (iii) Any gains or losses from the translation of amounts determined in (i) and (ii) above are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income, which is a separate account within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 2. Basis of preparation (continued):

### (d) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

In making estimates, the Manager relies on external information and observable inputs where possible supplemented by internal analysis as required. The significant estimates and judgments used in determining the recorded amount for assets and liabilities in these consolidated financial statements are related to investment in mortgages and investments held at fair value:

### (i) Investments in mortgages:

The Trust is required to make an assessment of forward looking 'expected credit losses' ("ECL") for investments in mortgages. The expected credit loss model is further explained in Note 3(k)(ii). The estimation of future cash flows includes assumptions about local real estate market conditions, market interest rates, availability and terms of financing, underlying value of the security and various other factors. These assumptions are limited by the availability of reliable comparable market data, economic uncertainty and the uncertainty of future events. Accordingly, by their nature, estimates of impairment are subjective and may not necessarily be comparable to the actual outcome. Should the underlying assumptions change, the estimated future cash flows could vary by a material amount.

### (ii) Investments held at fair value:

Included in investments held at fair value are interests in limited partnerships created to enable the Trust to enter loan sharing arrangements with US domiciled financial institutions ("Special Purpose Entities"). The loan sharing arrangements allow the Trust to share senior participations increasing both available investable cash and yield to the Trust. Judgment is applied in assessing whether the Trust exercises control, joint control, significant influence or none of the above over the Special Purpose Entities.

Control is defined as the power to govern the financial and operating decisions of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities, and significant influence is defined as the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the Special Purpose Entities. The Trust has determined that it has neither control, joint control or significant influence as the Trust has no ability to control or influence any of the relevant activities of the Special Purpose Entities and has therefore measured the investments at fair value in accordance with IFRS 9.

The Trust estimates the value of these investments based on its assessment of the current lending market for mortgages of same or similar terms. Should the underlying assumptions around current market interest rates change, the estimated future cash flows and income could vary affecting fair value.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

### 3. Material accounting policy information:

Effective January 1, 2023, the Trust adopted the amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and the updated guidance under IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, except where otherwise mentioned:

(a) Basis of presentation:

(i) Subsidiaries:

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Trust and subsidiaries controlled by the Trust. Control exists when the Trust is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are consolidated from the date that control commences and continue to be consolidated until the date that control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Trust and its subsidiaries. Intra-group transactions and balances are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of consolidated subsidiaries not held by the Trust and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Trust consolidates the following material subsidiaries:

	Province of registration	% of ownership
Trez Capital Yield Trust Sub-Trust	British Columbia	100%
Trez CN Tower Holdings Ltd.	British Columbia	100%
Trez Capital Manistee Ranch LP	British Columbia	100%
TC H 2014 Partners Investments LP	British Columbia	100%
Trez NP Investors LP	British Columbia	77%
Victoria Customs House LP (formerly, T-816 Government Street LP)	British Columbia	60%

Trez CN Tower Holdings Ltd is invested in an office building in Edmonton, Alberta which was acquired through a foreclosure-like process during 2020. Trez Capital Manistee Ranch LP is invested in a property that consists of 71 units of for-rent townhomes in Maricopa County, Arizona which was acquired through a foreclosure-like process during 2023. The Trust is making efforts to dispose of the buildings through a sales process. The principal business activity of TC H 2014 Partners Investments LP is lot development and Trez NP Investors LP is investment in mortgages. The principal business activity of Victoria Customs House LP is investment in real estate development.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(a) Basis of presentation (continued):

(ii) Investments held at fair value:

Investments over which the Trust does not have control or significant influence are accounted for at fair value. The Trust holds investments held at fair value primarily for the purpose of participating in loan sharing arrangements with US domiciled financial institutions.

(iii) Investments in associates:

Investments over which the Trust holds significant influence are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee without actual control or joint control of those policies. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost and is adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Trust's share in the investee's net assets. The Trust's share of investee's profit or loss is included in the Trust's consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Trust holds investments in associates primarily for the purpose of investing in real estate development projects.

Significant accounting policies of the underlying operating partnerships involved in real estate development projects classified as investments in associates are as follows:

- Property under development held for sale:

Property under development held for sale are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less cost to complete the development and selling costs. Costs include all direct development costs and capitalized carrying costs related to holding the property under development held for sale, including borrowing costs. The cost of sale of a property or unit is allocated on the basis of the estimated total cost of the project prorated by the selling price of the property or unit over the anticipated sales proceeds from the entire project.

- Sales revenue:

Revenue from the sale of property under development held for sale is recognized at the time that the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, possession or title passes to the purchaser, and all material conditions of the sales contract have been met, and at which time all proceeds are received or collectability is reasonably assured.

- Other revenues:

The operating partnerships may earn other revenue such as performance fees based on the specific contractual terms of each partnership. These revenues are recorded as earned in accordance with the terms of the respective partnership agreement.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(a) Basis of presentation (continued):

(iv) Investments in jointly controlled entities:

The Trust and certain of its subsidiaries have interests in a number of development joint ventures, which are accounted for using the equity method.

The Trust holds investments in other trusts and limited partnerships for the purpose of investing in real estate development projects. In certain cases, the Trust's investments are held through intermediary holding entities.

Where the Trust has assessed that it has joint control over the investees, the investments are initially recognized at cost and are adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Trust's share in the investee's net assets. The Trust's share of investee's profit or loss is included in the Trust's consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held at financial institutions and cash equivalents include securities with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

(c) Margin deposits:

Margin deposits relate to deposits made on foreign currency swap transactions.

(d) Investments held for sale:

When the Trust obtains legal title of the underlying security of a mortgage investment, the carrying value of the mortgage investment, which is comprised of principal, costs incurred, accrued interest and the related provision for mortgage investment loss, if any, is reclassified from investments in mortgages to other investments. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded in profit or loss in the period they arise. The Trust uses management's best estimate to determine fair value of the properties, which may involve frequent inspections, engaging realtors to assess market conditions based on previous property transactions or obtaining property appraisals from independent valuation specialists. These investments are held in other investments as discussed in Note 7.

(e) Property under development held for sale:

Property under development held for sale includes an investment property being developed for a mixed-use development.

Property under development held for sale are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less cost to complete the development and selling costs.

Costs include all direct development costs and capitalized carrying costs related to holding the property under development held for sale, including borrowing costs.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(f) Promissory notes receivable:

Promissory notes are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any impairment.

(g) Redeemable units:

All units of the Trust are redeemable at the Unitholder's option and accordingly are classified as financial liabilities and presented as "net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units" in the consolidated statement of financial position. Units redeemed are accounted for in the period during which the redemption is effective. Resultant gains on redemption are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the same period.

(h) Revenue recognition:

Interest income is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on an effective interest rate basis.

Interest on impaired financial assets is recognized using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

Revenue from property under development held for sale is recognized at a point in time when possession or title passes to the purchaser, and all performance obligations of the sales contract have been met, and at which time all proceeds are received or collectability is reasonably assured.

Rental income is recognized when services are rendered, and the amount is earned.

(i) Distributions on redeemable units:

Distributions to Unitholders on each series of redeemable units are made on a monthly basis, in arrears. The total distributions to be made in respect of the December 31 year-end will equal at least 100% of the Trust's taxable income for the year. Distributions on redeemable units are treated as an expense within the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, following the units' classification as liabilities. Distributions are accrued in the period to which they relate.

(j) Foreign currency translation:

Revenue and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the average rate of exchange prevailing for the period.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange as at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

For foreign subsidiaries, investments in joint arrangements and investments in associates that have a functional currency different than that of the Trust, foreign exchange gains or losses on translation of the foreign operations into the Trust's presentation currency is recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(k) Financial instruments:

(i) Recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities:

Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is measured at fair value and subsequently classified as measured at: amortized cost; fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”); or fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). The classification of financial assets that are debt instruments under IFRS 9 are generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

A financial asset that is a debt instrument is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The most significant financial asset that is a debt instrument in the Trust is investments in mortgages. The objective of the Trust is to hold these investments and collect the contractual interest payments from the loans. The payments received by the Trust are solely payments of principal and interest; therefore, the asset meets the criteria under IFRS 9 to be measured at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently classified as other financial liabilities or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, is a derivative or is designated as such on initial recognition.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are done so using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(k) Financial instruments (continued):

(i) Recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities (continued):

The Trust has classified its financial instruments as follows:

	Classification
<b>Financial assets:</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost
Margin deposits	FVTPL
Foreign currency derivative assets	FVTPL
Due from related parties	Amortized cost
Investments in mortgages	Amortized cost
Investments held at fair value	FVTPL
Promissory notes receivable	Amortized cost
Other assets	Amortized cost
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Management and incentive fees payable	Amortized cost
Distributions payable to holders of redeemable units	Amortized cost
Foreign currency derivative liabilities	FVTPL
Due to related parties	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost
Mortgage syndication liabilities	Amortized cost
Redeemable units, representing net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	Amortized cost

(ii) Impairment:

Under IFRS 9, an entity recognizes loss allowances for ECL to financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Trust measures ECL on each reporting date according to a three stage ECL impairment model:

*Performing financial assets:*

- Stage 1: From initial recognition of a financial asset to the date on which the asset has not experienced a significant increase in credit risk relative to its initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized equal to the credit losses expected to result from defaults occurring over the 12-months following the reporting date.
- Stage 2: Following a significant increase in credit risk relative to the initial recognition of the financial asset, a loss allowance is recognized equal to the credit losses expected over the remaining lifetime of the asset.

*Impaired financial assets:*

- Stage 3: When a financial asset is considered credit-impaired and in default, it will be classified in Stage 3, and a loss allowance equal to credit losses expected over the remaining lifetime of the asset will be recorded.



# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

#### (k) Financial instruments (continued):

##### (ii) Impairment (continued):

In assessing whether a mortgage is in default, the Trust considers both quantitative and qualitative factors. This occurs when investments in mortgages are 90-days past due on interest payment or maturity date, when the Trust assesses that there has been a deterioration of credit quality to the extent the Trust no longer has reasonable assurance as to the timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest, and/or when the Trust has commenced enforcement remedies available to it under its contractual agreements.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Trust considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable and is relevant and available. There is a presumption in IFRS 9 that credit risk has increased significantly once payments are 30-days past due. However, the Trust's historical experience is that mortgages can become 30-days past due, but be brought up to date by the borrower; therefore, other relevant risk factors also need to be identified for the mortgage to move to Stage 2.

Other relevant risk factors considered to identify a significant increase in credit risk are:

- Changes in the financial condition of the borrower;
- Responsiveness of the borrower;
- Current economic conditions: interest rates, housing prices, real estate and employment statistics; and
- Supportable forward-looking information: macroeconomic factors, such as interest rate forecasts.

Determining whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or a subsequent reduction in credit risk back to the level at initial recognition requires the exercise of significant judgment.

Judgment is also required in making assumptions and estimations when calculating the ECL including movements between the three stages and the application of forward-looking information.

Significant increase in credit risk is assessed relative to the risk of default on the date of modification. If the Trust determines that a modification does not result in derecognition, significant increase in credit risk is assessed based on the risk of default at initial recognition of the original asset. The expected cash flows arising from the modified contractual terms are considered when calculating the ECL for the modified asset. For loans that were modified while having a lifetime ECL, the loans can revert to having 12-month ECL after a period of performance and improvement in the borrower's financial condition.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-months ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12-months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12-months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Trust is exposed to credit risk.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(k) Financial instruments (continued):

(ii) Impairment (continued):

An ECL represents the difference between the present value of all contractual cash flows that are due under the original terms of the contract and the present value of all cash flows expected to be received. The application of the concept uses three inputs to measure ECL for commitments and mortgages receivable classified as Stage 1: probability of default (“PD”), loss given default (“LGD”), and exposure at default (“EAD”).

These inputs are determined at each reporting period using historical data and current conditions.

- **PD:** The PD represents the likelihood that a loan will not be repaid and will go into default in either a 12-month horizon for Stage 1 or lifetime horizon for Stage 2. The PD for each individual loan is modelled based on historic data and is estimated based on current market conditions and reasonable and supportable information about future economic conditions.
- **EAD:** The EAD is modelled on historic data and represents an estimate of the outstanding amount of credit exposure at the time a default may occur. For off-balance sheet and undrawn amounts, EAD includes an estimate of any further amounts to be drawn at the time of default.
- **LGD:** The LGD is the amount that may not be recovered in the event of default and is modelled based on historic data and reasonable and supportable information about future economic conditions, where appropriate. LGD takes into consideration the amount and quality of any collateral held.

In assessing information about possible future economic conditions, the Trust utilizes multiple economic scenarios including a base case, which represents the most probable outcome and is consistent with the Trust’s view of the portfolio. The calculation of ECL includes the incorporation of forecasts of future economic conditions. In determining ECL, the Trust has considered key macroeconomic variables that are relevant to each investment type. Key macroeconomic variables that drive the estimation of future cash flows include local real estate market values and conditions, as well as employment and population growth. These assumptions are limited by the availability of reliable comparable market data, economic uncertainty and the uncertainty of future events.

Should the underlying assumptions change, the estimated future cash flows could vary. The forecast is developed internally by the Manager of the Trust. The Trust exercises experienced credit judgment to incorporate multiple economic forecasts which are probability-weighted in the determination of the final ECL. The allowance is sensitive to changes in both economic forecast and the probability-weight assigned to each forecast scenario.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(k) Financial instruments (continued):

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities:

(A) Financial assets:

The Trust derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, when it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or when the Trust neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial assets.

Any interest in such transferred financial assets that qualify for derecognition that is created or retained by the Trust is recognized as a separate asset or liability. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset transferred), and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed); and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In circumstances where the Trust retains all or substantially all risks and rewards of a transferred mortgage, the transferred mortgage is not derecognized, and the transferred mortgage is recognized as a mortgage syndication liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

(B) Financial liabilities:

The Trust derecognizes a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(iv) Loan modifications:

The Trust may modify the contractual terms of mortgages for either commercial or credit reasons. The terms of a loan in good standing may be modified for commercial reasons to provide competitive pricing and other terms to borrowers. Loans may also be modified for credit reasons where the contractual terms are modified to grant a concession to a borrower that may be experiencing financial difficulty.

Upon the modification of the contractual terms of a financial asset, an assessment is made if the modified contractual terms are considered significant. The Trust considers one or a combination of the following factors as a significant change: a substantial interest rate reduction, an extension of the repayment term at a below market stated interest rate, a forgiveness of principal or accrued interest, or substantial changes to the collateral provided.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(k) Financial instruments (continued):

(iv) Loan modifications (continued):

When the modification is considered to be significant, the carrying amount of the original financial asset is derecognized and the fair value of the modified financial asset is recognized with the resulting gain or loss recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. For the purposes of assessing if the financial asset experienced a significant increase in credit risk, the modification date is considered to be the origination date of the modified financial asset.

When the modification is not considered to be significant, the gross carrying amount of the modified loan is recalculated based on the present value of the modified cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate and any gain or loss from the modification is recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The origination date of the financial asset prior to the modification continues to be used for the purposes of assessing if the financial asset experienced a significant increase in credit risk.

(l) Accumulated other comprehensive income:

Accumulated other comprehensive income represents the cumulative translation adjustment of foreign operations whose functional currency is in US dollars.

(m) Income taxes:

The Trust is a mutual fund trust under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). The Trust will allocate to its Unitholders taxable income including taxable capital gains that would otherwise attract Canadian tax in the Trust. Accordingly, no provision for Canadian income taxes will be reflected in the Trust's consolidated financial statements.

The Trust holds certain investments in associates and joint ventures based in the US. Certain of these investments in associates and joint ventures are held by controlled subsidiaries of the Trust that are required to pay income taxes to the US Internal Revenue Service based on a determination of taxable income for US tax purposes. Accordingly, current income tax recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income is based on the subsidiary's US taxable income for the year. Current tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income taxes are accounted for using the liability method. The liability method requires that income taxes reflect the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined for each temporary difference based on currently enacted or substantively enacted tax rates that are expected to be in effect when the underlying items are expected to be realized. The effect of a change in tax rates or tax legislation is recognized in the period of substantive enactment. Deferred income tax assets, such as non-capital loss carryforwards, are recognized to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred income taxes are only recognized with respect to US tax assets and liabilities.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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### 3. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(n) New standards adopted effective January 1, 2023:

(i) Definition of accounting estimates:

On February 12, 2021, the IASB published Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors) to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates by clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. The amendments were effective and adopted by the Trust on January 1, 2023. The amendments had no material effect on the Trust's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

(ii) Disclosure of accounting policies:

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and an update to IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements to help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The amendments to IAS 1 require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The amendments were effective and adopted by the Trust on January 1, 2023. The amendments had no material effect on the Trust's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

(o) Standards issued but not yet effective:

As at December 31, 2023, a number of standards and amendments to standards had been issued by the IASB but are not yet effective for these consolidated financial statements. None of these standards or amendments to standards are considered relevant to the Trust's consolidated financial statements.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 4. Investments in mortgages:

The Trust holds conventional uninsured mortgages on the following types of properties:

Property type	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Residential	56	\$ 383,125	73	\$ 443,599
Office	10	91,779	12	101,323
Industrial	6	23,723	10	58,947
Retail	2	13,845	5	36,414
Hotel	2	14,437	3	10,741
Mixed-use	3	33,748	3	41,730
Other	3	1,990	2	20,742
	82	562,647	108	713,496
Mortgage syndications		169,504		221,639
Accrued interest		9,642		12,009
Less: Provision for mortgage losses (Note 4(b))		(7,778)		(6,624)
<b>Investments in mortgages</b>		<b>\$ 734,015</b>		<b>\$ 940,520</b>

Property location	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Alberta	18	\$ 183,126	24	\$ 225,739
British Columbia	22	96,744	32	181,674
Ontario	10	77,863	12	75,214
Texas	15	64,404	15	105,309
Colorado	2	36,036	2	26,963
Florida	3	35,292	7	42,168
Arizona	4	19,919	6	26,263
Washington	2	18,562	4	13,574
Indiana	1	9,603	1	2,944
Georgia	1	9,596	1	5,201
Utah	2	6,710	1	2,389
Pennsylvania	1	3,266	1	1,471
South Carolina	1	1,526	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	-	1	2,857
Oregon	-	-	1	1,730
<b>Total mortgages</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>\$ 562,647</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>\$ 713,496</b>

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 4. Investments in mortgages (continued):

The mortgages are secured by the real property to which they relate, bear interest at a weighted average interest rate of 12.2% (2022 - 11.7%).

Principal payments, net of mortgage syndication liabilities, are due based on contractual maturities of each loan as follows:

Maturity period	Number	Amount
Past due	8	\$ 70,474
Past due but not credit impaired	4	23,776
2024	44	314,799
2025	14	64,790
2026	12	88,808
2027 and beyond	-	-
	82	\$ 562,647

### (a) Mortgage syndication liabilities:

The Trust has entered into certain mortgage participation agreements with third-party lenders, whereby, the third-party lenders take the senior position and the Trust retains the subordinated position, all of which are secured by first mortgage positions. As a result, the senior lenders' position is recorded as a mortgage syndication liability. The interest earned on the transferred participation interests and the related interest expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For those investments which have not met the derecognition criteria, the participation transactions have resulted in the Trust recognizing the participating mortgages and corresponding mortgage syndication liabilities on its consolidated statement of financial position. As at December 31, 2023, the carrying value, which is equivalent to the fair value, of the transferred assets and corresponding liabilities is \$169,504 (2022 - \$221,639).

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 4. Investments in mortgages (continued):

### (b) Provision for mortgage losses:

The gross carrying amounts of investments in mortgages and expected credit loss by property type are as follows:

Gross carrying amount	December 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Property type:				
Residential	\$ 259,760	\$ 37,823	\$ 85,542	\$ 383,125
Office	40,119	19,796	31,864	91,779
Industrial	19,121	1,726	2,876	23,723
Mixed-use	33,748	-	-	33,748
Retail	13,845	-	-	13,845
Hotel	14,437	-	-	14,437
Other	1,990	-	-	1,990
	\$ 383,020	\$ 59,345	\$ 120,282	\$ 562,647

Gross carrying amount	December 31, 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Property type:				
Residential	\$ 350,179	\$ 56,329	\$ 37,091	\$ 443,599
Office	50,979	16,730	33,613	101,322
Industrial	49,499	1,265	8,184	58,948
Mixed-use	41,730	-	-	41,730
Retail	36,414	-	-	36,414
Hotel	10,741	-	-	10,741
Other	20,742	-	-	20,742
	\$ 560,284	\$ 74,324	\$ 78,888	\$ 713,496

Provision for mortgage losses	December 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Property type:				
Residential	\$ 1,781	\$ -	\$ 561	\$ 2,342
Office	105	-	4,334	4,439
Industrial	359	248	-	607
Mixed-use	5	-	-	5
Retail	95	-	-	95
Hotel	76	-	-	76
Other	214	-	-	214
	\$ 2,635	\$ 248	\$ 4,895	\$ 7,778

Provision for mortgage losses	December 31, 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Property type:				
Residential	\$ 1,512	\$ -	\$ 292	\$ 1,804
Office	19	-	-	19
Industrial	37	-	4,300	4,337
Mixed-use	401	-	-	401
Retail	16	-	-	16
Hotel	23	-	-	23
Other	24	-	-	24
	\$ 2,032	\$ -	\$ 4,592	\$ 6,624



# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 4. Investments in mortgages (continued):

### (b) Provision for mortgage losses (continued):

The provision for mortgage losses at December 31, 2023 is \$7,778 (2022 - \$6,624). Stage 1 provisions of \$2,635 (2022 - \$2,032) represent management's estimate of the ECL on mortgages in the Trust's portfolio that have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The ECL was assessed individually for each investment in mortgages and commitments classified as Stage 2 and Stage 3. As at December 31, 2023, management estimated the ECL for these as \$5,143 (2022 - \$4,592).

The changes in the provision for mortgage losses are shown in the following table:

	December 31, 2023			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
December 31, 2022	\$ 2,032	\$ -	\$ 4,592	\$ 6,624
Provision for mortgage losses:				
Transfers to Stage 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Net remeasurement <sup>(2)</sup>	758	248	8,459	9,465
Mortgage advances	755	-	-	755
Mortgage repayments	(909)	-	-	(909)
Write-offs	-	-	(8,157)	(8,157)
Total movement	604	248	302	1,154
December 31, 2023	\$ 2,636	\$ 248	\$ 4,894	\$ 7,778

	December 31, 2022			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
December 31, 2021	\$ 1,715	\$ -	\$ 2,300	\$ 4,015
Provision for mortgage losses:				
Transfers to Stage 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3 <sup>(1)</sup>	(9)	-	9	-
Net remeasurement <sup>(2)</sup>	(440)	-	2,283	1,843
Mortgage advances	1,301	-	-	1,301
Mortgage repayments	(535)	-	-	(535)
Write-offs	-	-	-	-
Total movement	317	-	2,292	2,609
December 31, 2022	\$ 2,032	\$ -	\$ 4,592	\$ 6,624

<sup>(1)</sup> Transfers between stages which are presumed to occur before any corresponding remeasurement of the provision.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net remeasurement represents the change in the allowance related to changes in model inputs or assumptions, including changes in macroeconomic conditions, and changes in measurement following a transfer between stages.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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Year ended December 31, 2023

## 5. Investments held at fair value:

The Manager has concluded that the Trust's limited partnership investments in which it does not have control or significant influence, meet the definition of structured entities.

The table below describes the types of structured entities that the Trust does not consolidate but in which it holds an interest:

Type of structure entity	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the Trust
Limited partnerships participating in loan sharing	Limited partnerships created to enable the Trust to enter loan sharing arrangements with US domiciled financial institutions or manage certain real estate assets.  The limited partnerships are financed by capital contributed by the Trust and entities related to the Trust in the form of limited partnership units and credit facilities with US domiciled financial institutions.	Investment in limited partnership units

The table below sets out interest held by the Trust in investments held at fair value:

December 31, 2023	Number of Limited Partnerships	Total assets	Carrying amount included in investments held at fair value
<b>Investments in Limited Partnerships:</b>			
Loan sharing	13	\$ 2,034,353	\$ 190,895

December 31, 2022	Number of Limited Partnerships	Total assets	Carrying amount included in investments held at fair value
<b>Investments in Limited Partnerships:</b>			
Loan sharing	13	\$ 1,721,699	\$ 160,549

During the year ended December 31, 2023, a change in fair value of investments held at fair value of \$23,501 was recorded (2022 - \$25,493). Included within the change in fair value is realized net interest income of \$12,001 (2022 - \$9,120), unrealized portion of net interest income of \$6,060 (2022 - \$5,349) and unrealized property income of \$5,440 (2022 - nil). This was partially offset by a foreign exchange loss of \$4,622 (2022 - gain of \$11,024).

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 5. Investments held at fair value (continued):

In the event a mortgage investment held by a structured entity enters default, the Trust may have the obligation to repay the third-party loan sharing partner. As at December 31, 2023, the total amount of third-party loan sharing that the Trust is committed to repay in event of default was \$188,783 (2022 - \$162,473). Furthermore, as at December 31, 2023, third party loan sharing partners hold put options that can be exercised in the event of default to cause the Trust to repay an amount of \$37,545 (2022 - \$17,767).

As at December 31, 2023, one mortgage held by a structured entity totalling \$15,661 was in default (2022 - \$17,047). At the date of default in 2022, the Trust repaid \$8,535 to the senior loan sharing partner.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, one mortgage held by a structured entity totalling \$12,982 defaulted. At the date of default in 2023, the Trust repaid \$8,157 to the senior loan sharing partner. Subsequent to default, the Trust foreclosed on the property as discussed in Note 7.

## 6. Property under development held for sale:

	2023	2022
Property under development held for sale	\$ 15,497	\$ 31,861

Property under development held for sale represents a real estate development in Victoria, British Columbia held in a Limited Partnership that the Trust controls and consolidates. The Trust owns 60% of the units in the Limited Partnership.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, costs of sales incurred on the sale of residential units were \$13,932 (2022 - \$16,560).

In addition to cost of sales, expenses of \$710 (2022 - \$261) were incurred.

## 7. Other investments:

As at December 31, 2023, the Trust held two investments held for sale as described in Note 3(d). These investments relate to properties acquired through a foreclosure-like process including an office tower located in Edmonton, Canada acquired in 2020 and 71 units of for-rent townhomes located in Maricopa County, Arizona acquired in 2023. As at December 31, 2023, these properties had a net realizable value of \$32,778 (2022 - \$58,500), and a guarantee provided by the Manager as described in Note 14(f)(ii) with a fair value of \$12,226 (2022 - \$5,819).

### (a) Office Tower Located in Edmonton, Canada:

As part of the 2020 transaction, the Trust assumed a loan payable of \$40,726 related to this property. Of this balance, a total of \$36,155 was refinanced in 2021 with the Trust assuming an additional first mortgage of \$17,990, which is eliminated upon consolidation. As at December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of loan payables was \$30,216 (2022 - \$27,567) as discussed in Note 11. As at December 31, 2023, loan payables to entities related to the Manager by common control was \$12,226 (2022 - \$9,577) as discussed in Note 14(f).

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 7. Other investments (continued):

### (a) Office Tower Located in Edmonton, Canada (continued):

As at December 31, 2023, the Manager determined the net realizable value of the property to be \$23,765 (2022 – \$64,319) based on an appraisal provided by an third party appraiser. The property was appraised using a sales comparison approach whereby the fair value less costs to sell is determined by evaluating the price per square foot of similar properties. The price per square foot used to determine fair value was \$85 per square foot. This net realizable value is lower than the carrying value and the Trust recorded an impairment of \$39,611 during the year ended December 31, 2023.

As part of a settlement agreement dated December 31, 2023, the Trust received cash consideration of \$23,192 as partial fulfilment of the guarantee valued at \$24,567 provided by an entity related to the Manager. The discount of \$1,375 applied in determining the settlement amount recognizes the time value of funds and the estimated timeframe required for the sale of the foreclosed property. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Trust recorded other income from foreclosed property \$23,192 (2022 – nil) in the statement of comprehensive income in relation to this payment.

As at December 31, 2023, the remaining value of the outstanding guarantee provided by an entity related to the Manager was \$12,226 (2022 - \$12,226). As at December 31, 2023, the Trust has accounted for the value of this guarantee in other investments of \$12,226 (2022 – nil) on the consolidated statement of financial position and other income from foreclosed property of \$12,226 (2022 – nil) on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, impairment of \$5,819 was recorded on the property and this was offset by the value attributed to the guarantee provided by the Manager of \$5,819.

### (b) Units of For-Rent Townhomes in Maricopa County, Arizona:

As part of the 2023 transaction, the Trust assumed a mortgage receivable of \$14,465 related to this property. As at December 31, 2023, the Manager determined the net realizable value of the property to be \$9,013 (2022 – nil) based on the expected sale price of the property. The property was sold on January 26, 2024 for proceeds of CAD \$9,144. The Trust received a promissory note with carrying value of \$3,312 as at December 31, 2023 discussed in Note 8 as settlement on guarantees provided on the mortgage.

## 8. Promissory notes receivables:

	2023	2022
USD unsecured, interest free, promissory note due on demand from a private affiliated entity <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ -	\$ 124
USD secured, interest at 9% per annum effective January 1, 2022, promissory note due on demand from a private affiliated entity <sup>(b)</sup>	-	7,099
USD unsecured, interest free, promissory note due on December 31, 2024 from a private guarantor <sup>(c)</sup>	3,312	-
	\$ 3,312	\$ 7,223

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 8. Promissory notes receivables (continued):

- (a) During 2017, an entity related to the Manager foreclosed on 66 single-family lots in Texas. The affiliated entity has a note payable to the Trust, which is being repaid as lots are sold to home builders. This promissory note was paid out during the year ended December 31, 2023.
- (b) During 2021, an entity related to the Manager foreclosed on a property in Venice Beach, California. As part of the foreclosure process, the entity related to the Manager assumed the mortgage provided by the Trust. This promissory note was paid out during the year ended December 31, 2023.
- (c) During 2023, an entity related to the Manager foreclosed on a property in Maricopa, Arizona. As part of the foreclosure process, the entity related to the Manager collected on guarantees provided on the mortgage with the receipt of cash of US \$500 and a promissory note of US \$2,500.

## 9. Foreign currency derivatives and margin deposits:

The Trust has put in place steps to mitigate the impacts from fluctuations in foreign exchange as the Trust has entered into foreign exchange contracts to manage most of its foreign exchange exposure. As at December 31, 2023, the Trust was participating in forward exchange contracts to sell US dollars totalling \$365,900 (2022 - \$321,233). The foreign currency derivatives are marked-to-market on the consolidated statement of financial position. As at December 31, 2023, the fair value of assets is \$7,694 (2022 - nil) and fair value of liabilities is \$686 (2022 - \$6,844). The foreign currency derivatives are entered directly by the Trust with third party financial institutions.

As at December 31, 2023, the margin deposit on foreign exchange contracts, which is considered a restricted cash balance, totalled \$1,256 (2022 - \$9,546).

## 10. Credit Facility:

On June 20, 2022, the Trust amended the terms to the revolving borrowing base credit facility with a Chartered bank located in the Canada for available proceeds up to \$105,000, bearing interest at lender prime plus 1.5% for demand borrowing and CDOR plus 2.5% on a term basis. The credit facility is subject to an annual line fee equal to 0.625% of the available but undrawn portion of the credit facility. The credit facility matures on June 20, 2024.

The credit facility has financial tests and other covenants with which the Trust must comply. The Trust shall (a) maintain an Interest Coverage Ratio equal to or more than 3.0 to 1.0 calculated at the end of each Fiscal Quarter for the trailing 12-month period then ended; (b) maintain at all times a Total Debt to Tangible Net Worth Ratio equal to or less than 0.5 to 1.0; and (c) maintain at all times a minimum Tangible Net Worth of \$750,000. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Trust was in compliance with all of the applicable covenants of the credit facility.

As at December 31, 2023, there was nil drawn down on the credit facility (2022 - nil).

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 11. Loans payable:

	2023	2022
Secured borrowing with a related party on property under development held for sale bearing interest at greater of 5.25% or prime plus 2.80% per annum	\$ 5,340	\$ 18,814
First mortgage payable related to property held-for-sale bearing interest at greater of 6.70% or prime plus 1.00% per annum maturing on May 1, 2024 (Note 7)	17,990	17,990
Second mortgage payable related to property held-for-sale bearing interest at greater of 8.00% or prime plus 2.30% per annum. Payable to entities related to the Manager maturing on May 1, 2024 (Note 7)	12,226	9,577
	<b>\$ 35,556</b>	<b>\$ 46,381</b>

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Trust incurred interest charges of \$6,843 (2022 - \$1,108) relating to loans payable.

## 12. Distributions payable to holders of redeemable units:

The Trust distributes to its Unitholders taxable income including taxable capital gains.

Total distributions for each Unitholder are determined relative to the proportion of the year that the Unitholder was invested in the Trust. Distributions allocable to each series of Units will differ as a result of the deduction of the amounts payable in respect of trailer fees, as defined in the Declaration of Trust, for the Series A Units and the lower administration fee payable in respect of the Series I Units.

The total distribution to be made in respect of December 31 year-end will at least equal 100% of the Trust's taxable income including gains and losses for tax purposes relating to fluctuations of the US dollar relative to the Canadian dollar, as explained in Note 15.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the taxable income of the Trust was \$74,450 (2022 - \$67,172) and the cash distributions were \$72,561 (2022 - \$63,726).

In accordance with its trust indenture, the Trust distributed an amount equal to taxable income. The difference between cash distributions and taxable income of \$1,889 (2022 - \$3,446) is considered a notional distribution for tax purposes that is distributed via the issuance of units which are consolidated immediately thereafter.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, \$42,235 (2022 - \$35,449) of the declared distributions were reinvested.

As at December 31, 2023, the monthly distribution payable to be distributed to the unitholders is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash paid out subsequent to the year	\$ 2,425	\$ 3,014

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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Year ended December 31, 2023

## 13. Redeemable units, representing net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Trust has authorized an unlimited number of Series A units, Series F units and Series I units (collectively, the "Units").

The holder of the Units are entitled to one vote per unit. The Units are redeemable on demand of the Unitholder upon 30 days' notice in increments of not less than \$5. If notice is received by the Manager, the redemption will occur within thirty days subsequent to the receipt of the redemption notice. Redemptions may be subject to a 1.0% discount if units are redeemed prior to their one-year anniversaries.

All series of units have the same objectives, strategies and restrictions, but differ with respect to one or more of their features, such as fees and distributions. The Trust's Units do not meet the exception criteria in IAS 32 for classification as equity due to the redemption terms of the Units and the dissimilarity of features between classes. As a result, the Units have been classified as financial liabilities under IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Series A units	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued and outstanding, beginning of year	3,377	\$ 33,024	3,778	\$ 36,912
Increase (decrease) in net assets	-	-	-	118
Issued for cash	166	1,657	158	1,579
Issued for reinvested distributions	133	1,327	109	1,090
Redeemed for cash	(336)	(3,355)	(435)	(4,345)
Transfer between series	(47)	(474)	(233)	(2,330)
<b>Issued and outstanding, end of year</b>	<b>3,293</b>	<b>\$ 32,179</b>	<b>3,377</b>	<b>\$ 33,024</b>

Series F units	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued and outstanding, beginning of year	51,302	\$ 507,296	52,160	\$ 514,067
Increase (decrease) in net assets	-	2	-	1,809
Issued for cash	7,888	78,879	6,286	62,860
Issued for reinvested distributions	1,947	19,471	1,514	15,138
Redeemed for cash	(9,460)	(94,602)	(7,685)	(76,849)
Transfer between series	(1,360)	(13,546)	(973)	(9,729)
<b>Issued and outstanding, end of year</b>	<b>50,317</b>	<b>\$ 497,500</b>	<b>51,302</b>	<b>\$ 507,296</b>

Series I units	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued and outstanding, beginning of year	46,398	\$ 460,557	53,377	\$ 528,706
Increase (decrease) in net assets	-	1	-	1,642
Issued for cash	894	8,942	1,280	12,795
Issued for reinvested distributions	2,144	21,437	1,922	19,221
Redeemed for cash	(12,062)	(120,620)	(11,387)	(113,866)
Transfer between series	1,407	14,020	1,206	12,059
<b>Issued and outstanding, end of year</b>	<b>38,781</b>	<b>\$ 384,337</b>	<b>46,398</b>	<b>\$ 460,557</b>

Total units	2023		2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued and outstanding, beginning of year	101,076	\$ 1,000,877	109,314	\$ 1,079,685
Increase (decrease) in net assets	-	3	-	3,569
Issued for cash	8,948	89,478	7,723	77,234
Issued for reinvested distributions	4,224	42,235	3,545	35,449
Redeemed for cash	(21,858)	(218,577)	(19,506)	(195,060)
Transfer between series	-	-	-	-
<b>Issued and outstanding, end of year</b>	<b>92,390</b>	<b>\$ 914,016</b>	<b>101,076</b>	<b>\$ 1,000,877</b>

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 14. Related party transactions and balances:

Related party transactions that are not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- The Trust invests in mortgages alone or on a participation basis with parties related to the Manager. Titles to mortgages are held by a bare trust (the "Trustee") on behalf of the beneficial owners of the mortgages.
- In addition, certain duties are performed by the Mortgage Broker. The Mortgage Broker is related to the Manager and the Trust through common control. In cases where mortgages are held on a participation basis:
  - The Trust's rights are as outlined in the Declaration of Trust and a Mortgage Participation and Servicing Agreement with the Mortgage Broker;
  - Pursuant to this Mortgage Participation and Servicing Agreement, the Mortgage Broker administers and services the mortgages on behalf of the Trustee and other investees. The Mortgage Broker acts as the Trust's loan originator, underwriter, servicer and syndicator;
  - The Mortgage Broker performs certain duties including registering the mortgages, arranging for title searches, and holding all title papers and other security documentation related to the mortgages; and
  - The Mortgage Broker delivers cash payments for interest and principal to the Trustee.

### (a) Management and incentive fees:

The Trust is managed by the Manager pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, a summary of which is set out in the most current Offering Memorandum. Certain of the Manager's duties may be performed by a company or companies related to the Manager through common control.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Declaration of Trust, the Manager is entitled to receive from the Trust in respect of each series of units an annual fee (the "Management Fee") payable quarterly. For Series A Units and Series F Units this fee is equal to 1.5% of the proportionate share of the average gross assets of the Trust plus applicable taxes. For Series I Units this is equal to a percentage, that is negotiated between the Manager and the Unitholder, of the proportionate share of the average gross assets of the Trust plus applicable taxes. The average gross assets of the Trust are calculated using a simple moving average of the month end value of all assets, excluding mortgage syndications, of the Trust. For each series of units of the Trust, the Manager also receives an additional fee (the "Incentive Fee") equal to 10% of net earnings and capital gains but prior to the deduction for the Incentive Fee, payable annually.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Trust incurred incentive fees before waivers of \$8,178 (2022 - \$7,673) and management fees of \$17,501 (2022 - \$17,461), payable to the Manager. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Manager has agreed to waive management and incentive fees of \$8,879 (2022 - \$1,176). Any fees waived are no longer collectible in the current or future years.

As at December 31, 2023, the current year management and incentive fee of \$697 (2022 - \$7,983) was payable to the Manager.

The Manager is responsible for the employment expenses of its personnel, rent and other office expenses. The Manager is not responsible for any taxes payable by the Trust or to which the Trust may be subject. The Trust is liable to the Manager for all expenses incurred in the management of the Trust except as previously noted.



# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 14. Related party transactions and balances (continued):

### (b) Transfer of investments in mortgages:

The Trust generally invests in an interest in a mortgage at the time the mortgage is funded. However, at any time during the term of the mortgage, it may acquire an interest from or sell its interest in a mortgage to parties related to the Manager, Trustee and Mortgage Broker. Purchases from and sales to related parties are transacted at unpaid principal plus accrued interest due at the date of the transaction which is equivalent to the estimated fair values of the related mortgages.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Trust purchased investments in mortgages of \$55,727 (2022 - \$161,185) and sold investments in mortgages of \$76,291 (2022 - \$119,747) to entities under common management.

### (c) Co-investment in mortgages and investments held at fair value:

The Trust has invested in a mortgage portfolio with a balance at December 31, 2023 of \$734,015 (2022 - \$940,520), virtually all of which are made on a participation basis with related parties.

The Trust has invested in investments held at fair value created to enable the Trust to enter into loan sharing arrangements with US domiciled financial institutions. The balance at December 31, 2023 was \$190,895 (2022 - \$160,549), virtually all of which is made on a participation basis with related parties.

### (d) Non-controlling interest:

Included in non-controlling interest on the consolidated statement of financial position is \$1,106 (2022 - \$1,077) which is held by entities related to the Manager by common ownership. The non-controlling interest relates to the Trust's investments in property held-for-sale. During the year ended December 31, 2023, a gain of \$29 (2022 - loss of \$3,285) has been allocated to the non-controlling interest for its share of the net income.

### (e) Amounts due to and from related parties:

Amounts due from related parties as at December 31, 2023 were \$21,705 (2022 - \$7,850). The amounts primarily related to amounts receivable from special purpose entity loan sharing partners relating to funding made on their behalf. Amounts due to related parties as at December 31, 2023 were \$5 (2022 - nil).

### (f) Guarantees provided and mortgages or properties acquired by entities related to the Manager:

(i) An entity related to the Manager assumed ownership of three properties and the associated mortgages held by the Trust. The total amount assumed was \$18,491. The entity related to the Manager provided guarantees to the Trust on the same three mortgages and one additional mortgage. During the year ended December 31, 2022, one of the guaranteed mortgages was repaid in full.

The amount guaranteed in relation to the remaining three mortgages was \$15,272 (2022 - \$17,470), which is the full amount of the mortgages outstanding at December 31, 2023.

(ii) During 2020, the Trust acquired one property through a foreclosure-like process. As at December 31, 2023, the remaining value of the outstanding guarantee provided by an entity related to the Manager was \$12,226 (2022 - \$12,226) as discussed in Note 7.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 14. Related party transactions and balances (continued):

(f) Guarantees provided and mortgages or properties acquired by entities related to the Manager (continued):

(iii) During 2021, the Trust assumed a mortgage from a related entity totalling \$3,750. The transfer occurred net of a Stage 3 IFRS 9 provision. An entity related to the Manager has provided a guarantee totalling \$3,750.

(iv) During 2022, an entity related to the Manager foreclosed on a property in Venice Beach, California. As part of the foreclosure process, the entity related to the Manager assumed the mortgage provided by the Trust. As at December 31, 2023, a promissory note receivable totalling nil (2022 - \$7,098) remains outstanding.

(v) During 2022, an entity related to the Manager assumed ownership of two properties in exchange for mortgages payable to the Trust and other affiliated entities. On the date of assumption, the total mortgage balance payable to the Trust was \$46,426. Subsequent to the assumption, a third-party lender provided the entity related to the Manager a second mortgage, secured by the two properties, for the purpose of reducing the mortgage balance owing to the Trust. During 2022, the entity related to the Manager paid the Trust a total of \$14,803 from proceeds generated from the second mortgage.

During 2023, one of the two properties were sold and the Trust received a further paydown of \$14,238 from the entity related to the Manager.

Subsequent to year-end, the remaining property was sold and the Trust received final proceeds of \$20,914 from the entity related to the Manager.

(g) Co-investment in associates:

As at December 31, 2023, the Trust has co-invested in certain associates and joint ventures investments with the owners of the Manager and their close family members and other Trez managed funds which are related parties by virtue of common management, as follows:

- As at December 31, 2023, the owners of the Manager and their close family members own 42% (2022 - 42%) of the units of T- NWBP Investments LP.
- As at December 31, 2023, the owners of the Manager and their close family members own 8% (2022 - 8%) of the units of TC Logan Park Investments LP.
- As at December 31, 2023, the owners of the Manager and their close family members own 13% (2022 - 13%) of the units of Trez NP Investors LP and other Trez managed funds own 7% (2022 - 7%) of the units of Trez NP Investors LP.

## 15. Income taxes:

The Trust is a mutual fund trust under the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act").

The Trust allocates to its Unitholders taxable income, including taxable capital gains that would otherwise attract tax in the Trust. Accordingly, no provision for Canadian income taxes will be reflected in the Trust's consolidated financial statements.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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Year ended December 31, 2023

## 15. Income taxes (continued):

For purposes of the Tax Act, the Trust is required to compute its Canadian tax results using Canadian currency. Where an amount that is relevant in computing the Trust's Canadian tax results is expressed in US dollars, such amount must be converted to Canadian currency, generally using the rate of exchange on the day such amount arose. As a result, the Trust may realize gains and losses for tax purposes by virtue of the fluctuation of the value of the US dollar relative to Canadian dollar.

Any taxable income realized by the Trust for a particular taxation year will be paid or made payable to Unitholders and is thus required to be included in computing Unitholders' income for Canadian tax purposes. The Trust intends to distribute at least 100% of the Trust's taxable income including capital gains for the 2023 fiscal period.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Trust has recorded current tax expense of \$171 (2022 - \$48).

## 16. Fair value measurements:

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation or sale.

The following table shows a hierarchy for disclosing fair value based on inputs used to value the Trust's assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value or for which fair value disclosure is required. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities ("Level 1 measurement") and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs ("Level 3 measurements").

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities ("Level 1");
- Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) ("Level 2"); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) ("Level 3").

December 31, 2023	Carrying value		Fair value
	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,749	\$ -	\$ 100,749
Due from related parties	21,705	-	21,705
Investments in mortgages	732,059	-	732,059
Promissory notes receivable	3,312	-	3,312
Other assets	265	-	265
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value:</b>			
Margin deposits (Level 2)	-	1,256	1,256
Foreign currency derivative assets (Level 2)	-	7,694	7,694
Investments held at fair value (Level 3)	-	190,895	190,895

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Year ended December 31, 2023

## 16. Fair value measurements (continued):

December 31, 2023	Carrying value		Fair value
	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,250	\$ -	\$ 3,250
Management and incentive fees payable	697	-	697
Distributions payable on redeemable units	2,425	-	2,425
Due to related parties	5	-	5
Loans payable	35,556	-	35,556
Mortgage syndication liabilities	169,504	-	169,504
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	914,016	-	914,016
<b>Financial liabilities measured at fair value:</b>			
Foreign currency derivative liabilities (Level 2)	-	686	686

December 31, 2022	Carrying value		Fair value
	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,606	\$ -	\$ 60,606
Due from related parties	7,850	-	7,850
Investments in mortgages	940,520	-	940,520
Promissory notes receivable	7,223	-	7,223
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value:</b>			
Margin deposits (Level 2)	-	9,546	9,546
Foreign currency derivatives assets (Level 2)	-	-	-
Other investments	-	64,319	64,319
Investments held at fair value (Level 3)	-	160,549	160,549

December 31, 2022	Carrying value		Fair value
	Amortized cost	FVTPL	
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,193	\$ -	\$ 3,193
Management and incentive fees payable	7,983	-	7,983
Distributions payable on redeemable units	3,014	-	3,014
Loans payable	46,381	-	46,381
Mortgage syndication liabilities	221,639	-	221,639
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	1,000,877	-	1,000,877
<b>Financial liabilities measured at fair value:</b>			
Foreign currency derivative liabilities (Level 2)	-	6,844	6,844

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The valuation techniques and inputs used for the Trust's financial instruments are as follows:

(a) Investments in mortgages and mortgage syndication liabilities:

There is no quoted price in an active market for the mortgage investments or mortgage syndication liabilities. The Manager makes its determination of fair value based on its assessment of the current lending market for mortgage investments of same or similar terms. Typically, the fair value of these mortgage investments approximate their carrying value given the amounts consist of short-term loans that are repayable at the option of the borrower without yield maintenance or penalties. As a result, the fair value of mortgage investments is based on Level 3 inputs.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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## 16. Fair value measurements (continued):

### (b) Investments held at fair value:

There is no quoted price in an active market for the investments held at fair value. The investments held at fair value consists of a portfolio of mortgage loans in the United States. The Manager makes its determination of fair value based on its assessment of the current lending market and credit risk for mortgage investments of same or similar terms. The fair value of the portfolio of mortgage loans has been determined based on a cash flow model. Discount rates are based on current market rates and adjusted for any change in the credit risk of the borrower.

Typically, the fair value of these investments approximate their carrying value given the investments consist of short-term mortgages and the mortgages have variable interest rates.

As at December 31, 2023, a 0.25% increase in the discount rate used in the discounted cash flow would decrease the fair value by \$260 (2022 - \$1,079) and a 0.25% decrease in the discount rate would increase the fair value by \$261 (2022 - \$1,083).

A reconciliation of Level 3 investments held at fair value at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Investments held at fair value, December 31, 2021	\$	175,759
Additions to investments		296,751
Realized change in fair value		9,120
Unrealized change in fair value		5,349
Unrealized foreign exchange		11,024
Distributions paid		(337,454)
<hr/>		
Investments held at fair value, December 31, 2022		160,549
Additions to investments		272,887
Realized change in fair value		12,001
Unrealized change in fair value		11,500
Unrealized foreign exchange		(4,622)
Distributions paid		(261,420)
<hr/>		
Investments held at fair value, December 31, 2023	\$	190,895

The key valuation techniques used in measuring the fair values of underlying investments held at fair value include:

Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Discounted cash flow	Net operating income Discount rate Probability of cash flows	The estimated fair value would increase / (decrease) with changes in significant unobservable inputs

### (c) Foreign currency derivatives:

The Trust has entered into foreign exchange contracts to mitigate the impact from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Manager determines the fair value of foreign currency derivatives with reference to quotations from third party derivative dealers and accepts the amount as fair value for the derivatives. As a result, the fair value of foreign currency derivatives is based on Level 2 inputs.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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Year ended December 31, 2023

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## 16. Fair value measurements (continued):

### (d) Other financial assets and liabilities:

The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value, such as cash and cash equivalents, margin deposits, due from related parties, promissory notes receivable, other assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, management and incentive fees payable, distributions payable to holders of redeemable units, due to related parties, and loans payable approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods of maturity of these items or because they are receivable or payable on demand.

### (e) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:

The Trust routinely redeems and issues redeemable units at \$10 per unit. Accordingly, the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units approximates their fair value and are based on Level 2 inputs.

## 17. Financial instruments and risk management:

The Trust has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk.

The Manager's risk management policies are typically performed as a part of the overall management of the Trust's operations. Management is aware of risks related to these objectives through direct personal involvement with employees and outside parties. In the normal course of its business, the Trust may be exposed to a number of risks that could affect its operating performance. Management's close involvement in operations will help to identify risks and variations from expectations. The Trust has not designated any transactions as hedging transactions to manage risk.

As a part of the overall operation of the Trust, management considers the avoidance of undue concentrations of risk. The risk and the actions taken to manage them include the following:

### (a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation that it has entered into with the Trust, resulting in a financial loss to the Trust. This risk arises principally from the investments in mortgages, promissory notes receivable, and other receivables. For risk management reporting purposes, the Trust considers and consolidates all elements of credit risk exposure (such as loan-to-value, sector risk, location risk, and individual obligor default risk).

The Trust manages its credit risk through extensive initial due diligence and careful monitoring of its mortgage portfolio, active communications with borrowers and the institution of aggressive enforcement procedures on defaulting mortgages by its Mortgage Broker, and by matching the cash flow profile of the assets and liabilities.

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## 17. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

### (a) Credit risk (continued):

All mortgage investments are approved by the Credit Committee comprised of senior management of the Mortgage Broker. The Mortgage Broker's Credit Committee reviews its policies regarding its lending limits on an ongoing basis. As at December 31, 2023, 14.5% (2022 - 11.6%) of the Trust's investments in mortgages was advanced to a single borrowing group. Minimal credit risk also arises from cash, and deposits which is mitigated by holding cash and deposits in Canada with a major financial institution.

The Trust's maximum credit risk exposure (without taking into account collateral and other credit enhancements) at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the relevant financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position.

### (b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk of encountering difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Trust's liquidity requirements relate to its obligations under its loans payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, mortgage syndication liabilities, distributions payable to holders of redeemable units, redeemable units, loans payable and its obligations to make future advances under its existing mortgage portfolio. Liquidity risk is managed by ensuring that the sum of: (i) availability under the Trust's bank borrowing line; (ii) the sourcing of other borrowing facilities; and (iii) projected repayments under the existing mortgage portfolio and investments held at fair value, exceeds projected needs (including funding of further advances under existing and new mortgage investments).

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities arise from normal operating expenses and are expected to be settled within three months of year-end.

Unitholders of the Trust have the limited right to redeem their units in the Trust, as described in its Offering Memorandum and paragraph 8.15 of the Trust's Declaration of Trust. The Manager is entitled to extend the time for payment of any unitholder redemption for a maximum period of 180 days during any period in which the Manager determines that conditions exist which render the sale of assets of the Trust to be impractical or impair the ability of the Manager to determine the net asset value of the Trust.

The following table shows the contractual timing of cashflows:

December 31, 2023	Carrying value	Contractual cash flow	Within a year	Following year	3 - 5 years	5+ years
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to Manager	697	697	697	-	-	-
Distribution payable	2,425	2,425	2,425	-	-	-
Due to related parties	5	5	5	-	-	-
Loans payable	35,556	35,556	35,556	-	-	-
Total contractual liabilities, excluding mortgage syndication liabilities	\$ 41,933	\$ 41,933	\$ 41,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

1. As at December 31, 2023, there was nil drawn down on the credit facility (Note 10).

2. Loans payable include one year of interest based on annual interest rates assuming all loans are repaid at December 31, 2023.

3. The principal repayments of mortgage syndication liabilities by contractual maturity date are shown net with investments in mortgages in Note 4.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

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## 17. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

### (b) Liquidity risk (continued):

As at December 31, 2023, the Trust had a cash and cash equivalents position of \$100,749 (2022 - \$60,606) and an unutilized credit facility of \$105,000 (2022 - \$105,000). The Manager believes the Trust will be able to finance its operations using the cash flow generated from operating activities, investing activities and credit facilities.

### (c) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market factors, such as interest rates, currency and other price risks will affect the Trust's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments and investments in associates. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Trust's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Trust's investment objective which is to invest in a diversified portfolio of mortgages on real property and development projects within Canada and the United States that preserves capital and generates returns in order to permit the Trust to pay quarterly distribution to its Unitholders.

The Trust's market risk is managed on a regular basis by the Manager in accordance with policies and procedures in place.

#### (i) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Trust's interest rate risk is primarily attributable to its return on investments in mortgages relative to its resources to fund the mortgages. As described in Note 13, units are retractable by Unitholders upon 30-days' notice. A significant rise in interest rates may cause Unitholders to redeem their Units and could cause a shortfall in funds available to meet such redemptions. The Trust manages interest rate risk by generally investing in short-term variable rate mortgages with floor rates which are greater than the rate charged by its lenders. The Trust also charges a 1% penalty on redemptions made prior to the Units' first year anniversary.

As at December 31, 2023, a 0.25% increase/decrease in interest rates with all other variables held constant would increase/decrease the Trust's income by approximately \$1,570 (2022 - \$3,835), arising mainly as a result of higher interest income generated on variable rate mortgage investments.

#### (ii) Currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Trust's functional currency is Canadian dollars; however, the Trust invests in mortgages and investments in associates and joint ventures that are denominated in US dollars.

The Trust has put in place steps to mitigate the impacts from fluctuations in foreign exchange as the Trust has entered into forward exchange contracts to manage its foreign exchange exposure. As at December 31, 2023, the Trust was participating in forward exchange contracts to sell US dollars totalling \$365,900 (2022 - \$321,233).



# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

## 17. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

(c) Market risk (continued):

(iii) Currency risk (continued):

The foreign currency derivatives are marked-to-market on the consolidated statement of financial position. As at December 31, 2023, the fair value of assets is \$7,694 (2022 - nil) and fair value of liabilities is \$686 (2022 - \$6,844). The foreign currency derivatives are entered directly by the Trust with third party financial institutions.

The table below indicates the foreign currency to which the Trust had unhedged exposure at December 31, 2023 and over hedged exposure at December 31, 2022. It also illustrates the potential impact on the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 5% in relation to the other currency, with all other variables held constant.

		2023
Currency	Exposure	Impact on net assets attributable to redeemable units
United States dollars	\$ (6,671)	\$ (318)
% of net assets attributable to redeemable units	(0.73%)	(0.03%)

  

		2022
Currency	Exposure	Impact on net assets attributable to redeemable units
United States dollars	\$ (30)	\$ (2)
% of net assets attributable to redeemable units	0.00%	0.00%

(iv) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Trust is exposed to price risk because of its investment in mortgages and development projects through its investments in associates and joint ventures. These risks arise from changes in the real estate market and could be local, national, and global in nature. Deteriorating real estate values increase the Trust's risk. The Trust manages these risks by actively maintaining strong borrower relationship and active monitoring of all loans. Further, the Trust has diversified its portfolio of investment mortgages geographically to manage this risk.

# TREZ CAPITAL YIELD TRUST

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

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## **18. Capital management:**

The Trust considers net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units to be capital, which at December 31, 2023 was \$914,016 (2022 - \$1,000,877).

The Trust's objective when managing capital is to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and ensure that it has sufficient cash resources to invest in mortgages in order to provide a return to its Unitholders. To secure the additional capital necessary to pursue these plans, the Trust may attempt to raise additional funds through the issuance of additional units.

The Trust, through its Manager, manages its capital structure and makes adjustments as appropriate based on the funds available to the Trust, as well as, utilization of its line of credit in order to support the continued investment in mortgages and other investments. The Manager's investment strategy continues to be to preserve investor capital, while providing a consistent stream of interest income.

The Trust is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements other than those described in Note 10 and has no legal restrictions on the issue, repurchase or resale of redeemable units beyond those included in the Trust agreement.

## **19. Commitments and contingencies:**

In the ordinary course of business activities, the Trust may be contingently liable for litigation and claims arising from investing in mortgage investments and other investments. Where required, management records adequate provisions in the accounts.

Although it is not possible to accurately estimate the extent of potential costs and losses, if any, management believes that the ultimate resolution of such contingencies would not have a material adverse effect on the Trust's consolidated financial position. The Trust's estimate involves significant judgement, given the fact that the Trust's liability, if any, has yet to be determined and as such could vary by a material amount in the future should this change.